

Field Observations of acidification-driven carbonate mineral dissolution

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Global calcium carbonate dissolution

Impact of Anthropogenic CO₂ on the CaCO₃ System in the Oceans

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Will Berelson,³ Joanie Kleypas,⁴ Victoria J. Fabry,⁵
Frank J. Millero⁶

50 – 70% OF CARBONATE
PRODUCED IS DISSOLVED
IN THE UPPER OCEAN.

Direct observations of basin-wide acidification of the North Pacific Ocean

Robert H. Byrne,¹ Sabine Mecking,² Richard A. Feely,³ and Xuewu Liu¹

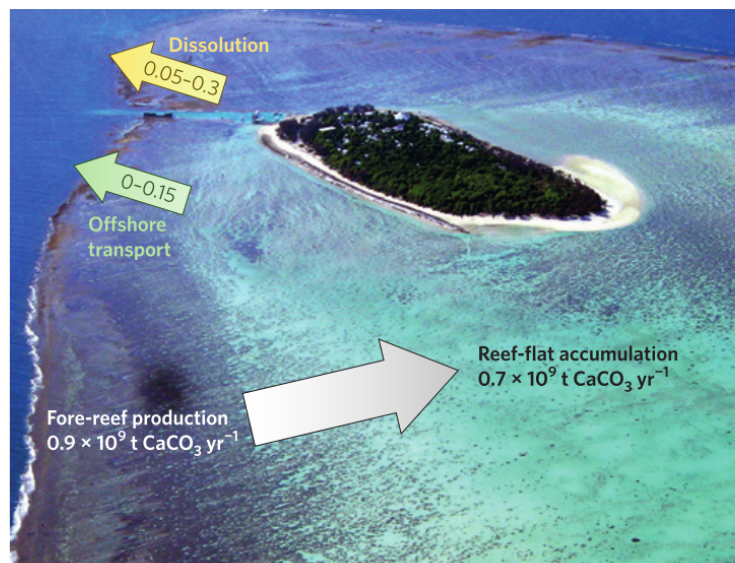
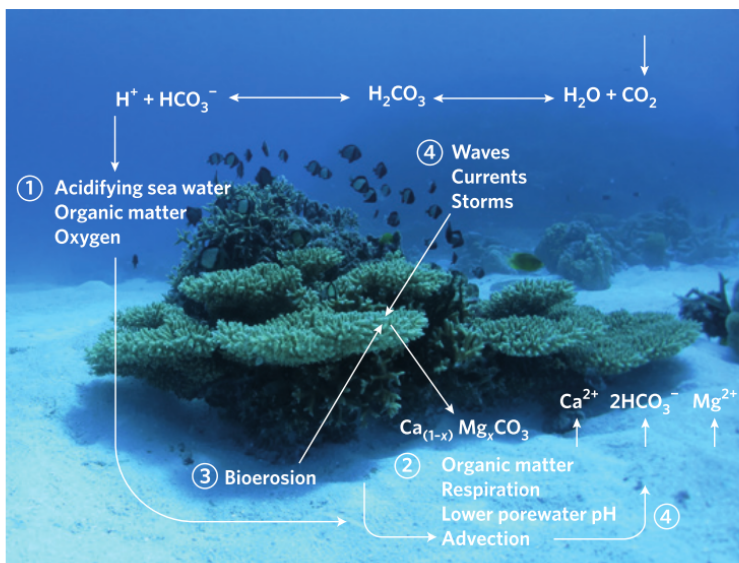
High-Mg Calcite – Aragonite – Calcite

Understanding Environmental Impacts

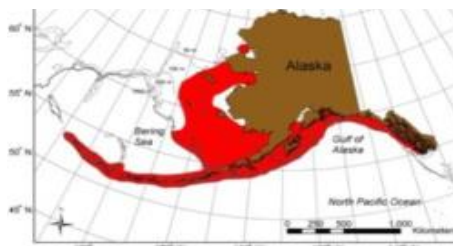
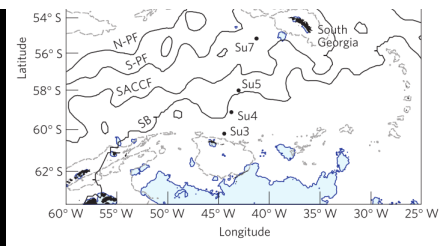
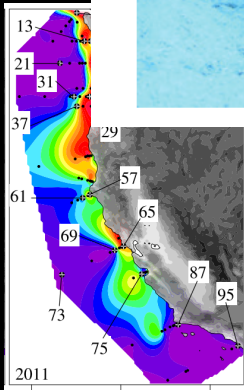
Duration ♦ Intensity ♦ Extent

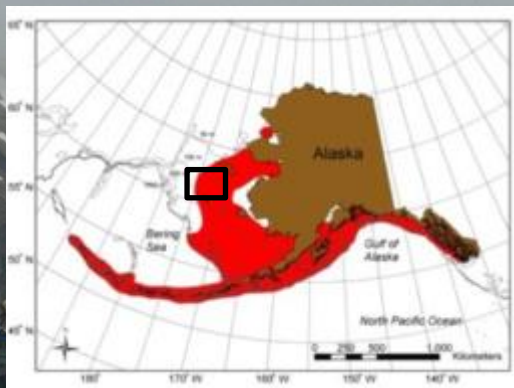
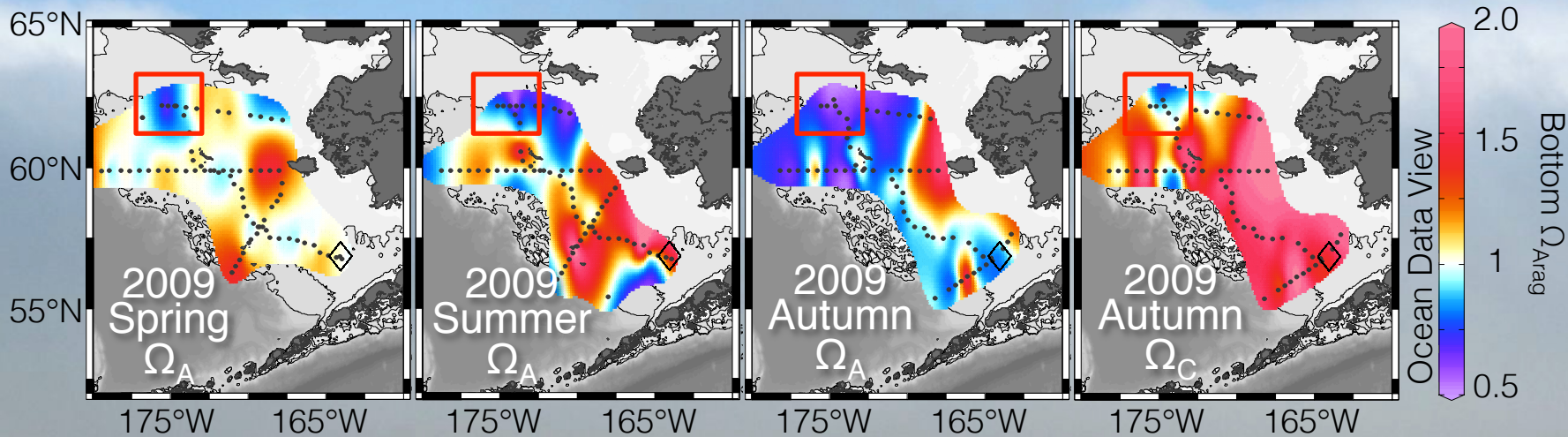
REVIEW ARTICLE

NATURE CLIMATE CHANGE DOI: 10.1038/NCLIMATE2380



Pteropods
Photograph
<http://www.earthcam.com>





Observations show that undersaturations are already present in the Bering Sea.

GRL

The role of ocean acidification in systemic carbonate mineral suppression in the Bering Sea

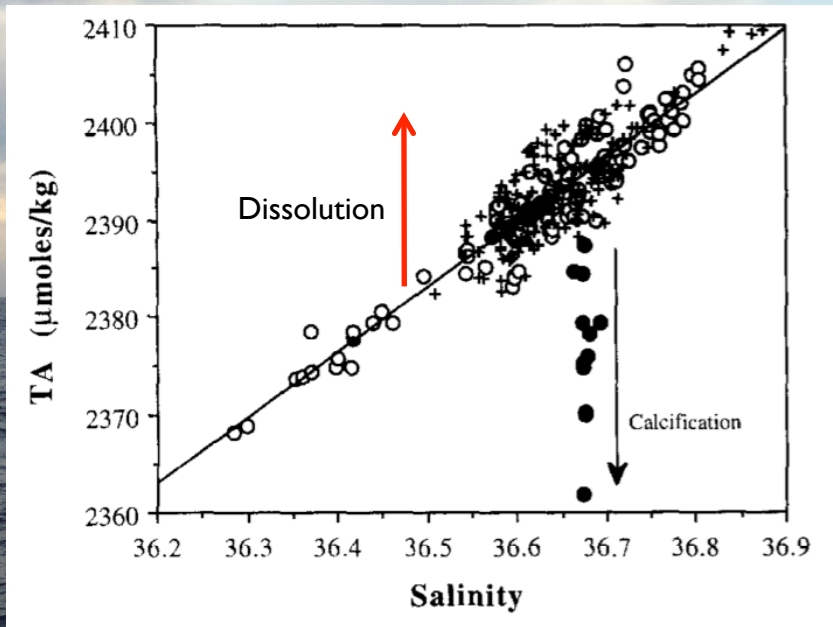
Jeremy T. Mathis,¹ Jessica N. Cross,¹ and Nicholas R. Bates²

Coupling primary production and terrestrial runoff to ocean acidification and carbonate mineral suppression in the eastern Bering Sea

Jeremy T. Mathis,¹ Jessica N. Cross,¹ and Nicholas R. Bates²

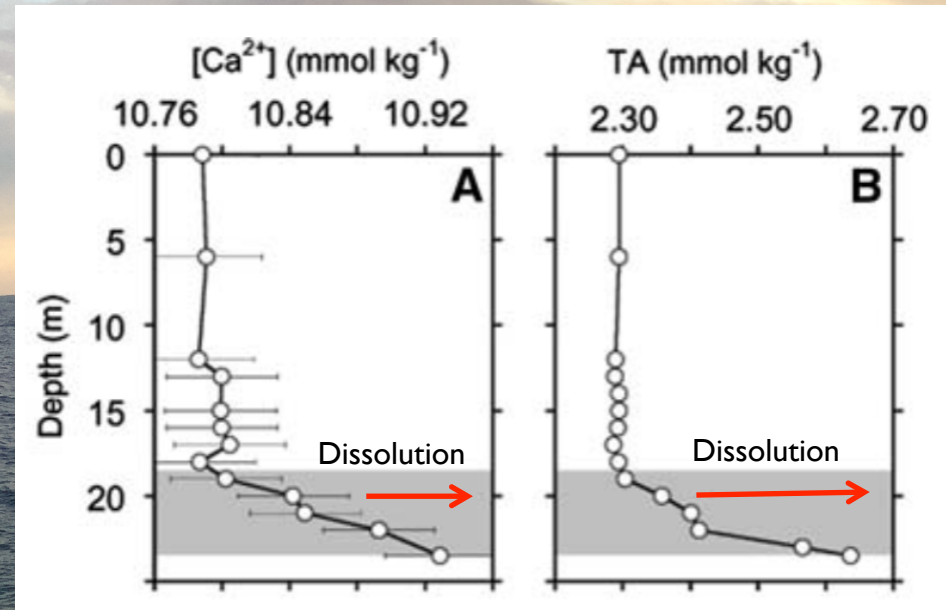
JGR

Direct observations of geochemical dissolution



Alkalinity changes in the Sargasso Sea: geochemical evidence of calcification?

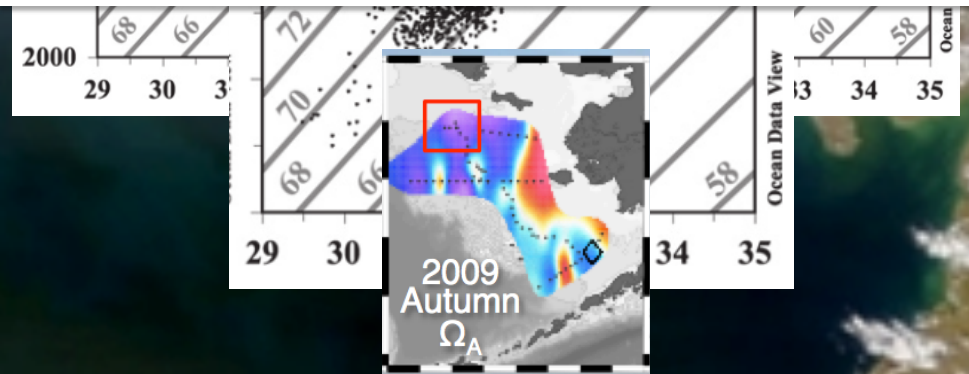
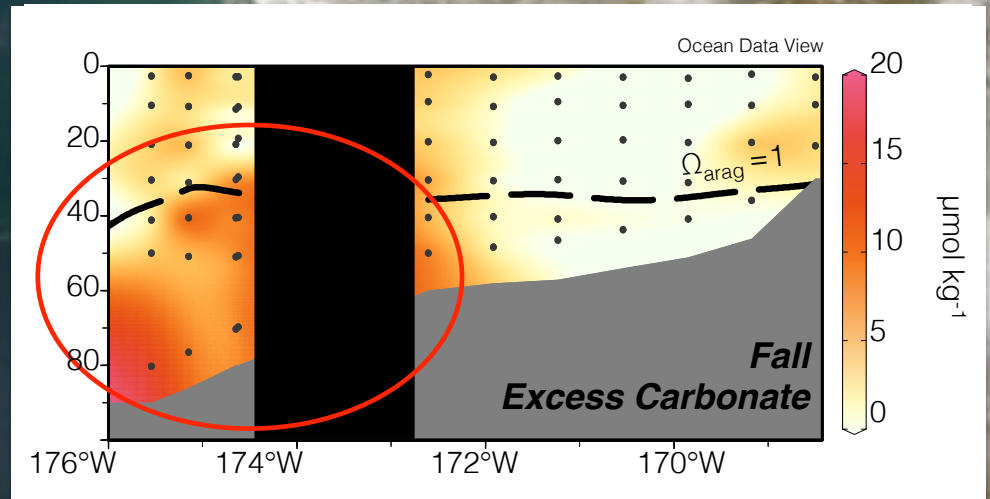
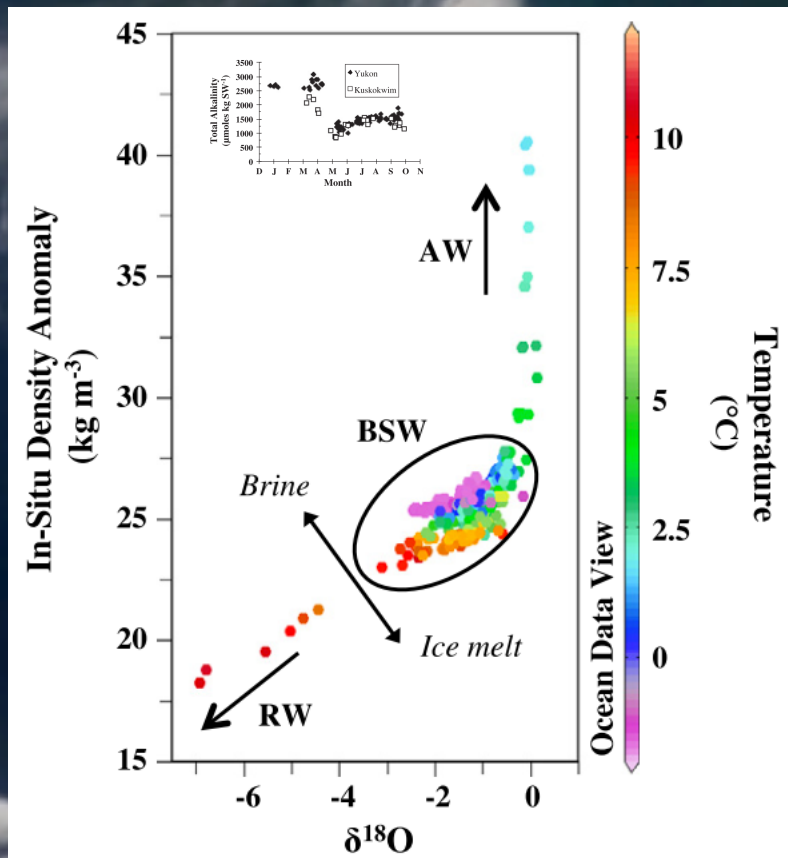
Nicholas R. Bates, Anthony F. Michaels, Anthony H. Knap



Dissolution of Carbonate Sediments Under Rising $p\text{CO}_2$ and Ocean Acidification: Observations from Devil's Hole, Bermuda

Andreas J. Andersson · Nicholas R. Bates · Fred T. Mackenzie

Direct observations of geochemical dissolution

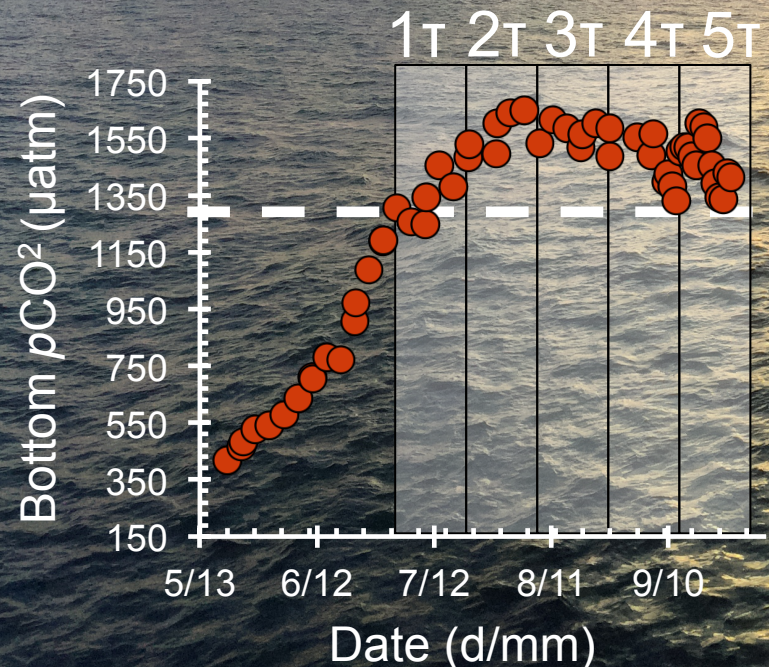
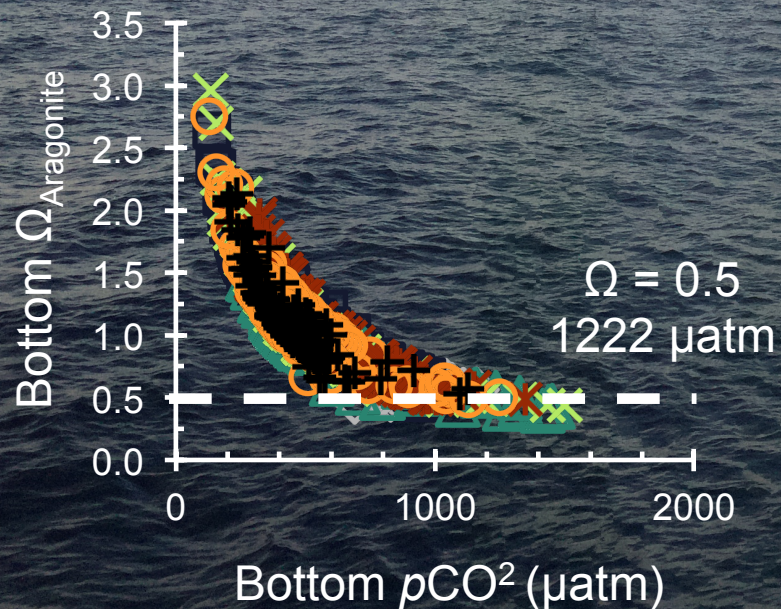


Conservative and non-conservative variations of total alkalinity on the southeastern Bering Sea shelf

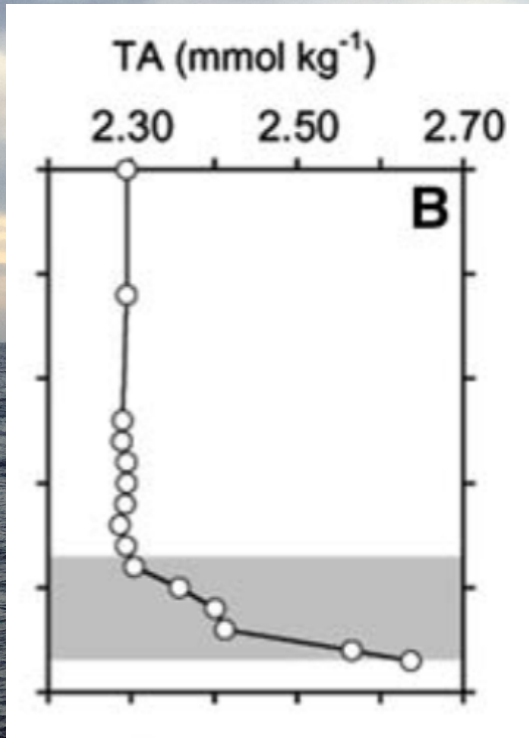
Jessica N. Cross ^{a,*}, Jeremy T. Mathis ^{b,1}, Nicholas R. Bates ^{c,2}, Robert H. Byrne ^{d,3}

Indirect observations of geochemical dissolution

TIME SERIES RECORDS OF THE DURATION AND INTENSITY OF CORROSIVE CONDITIONS CAN SHOW IF DISSOLUTION IS POSSIBLE.



Mechanisms driving geochemical dissolution



ANTHROPOGENIC ACIDIFICATION IS NOT THE ROOT CAUSE OF ALL CARBONATE MINERAL DISSOLUTION.

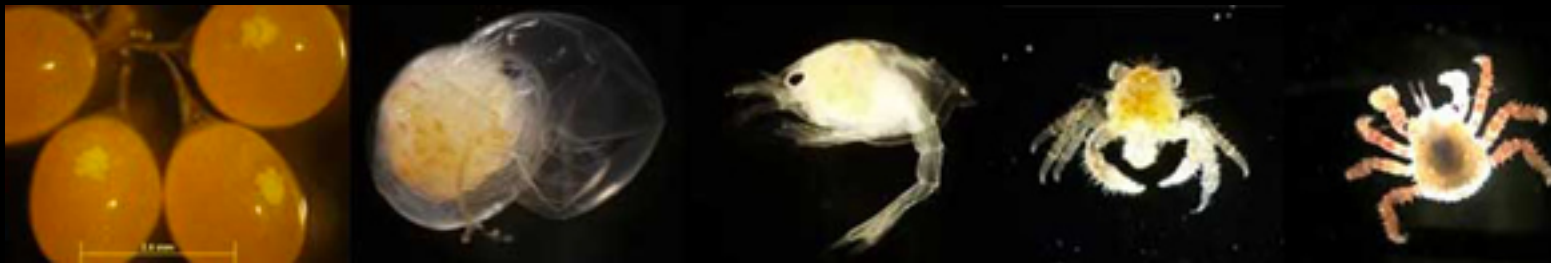
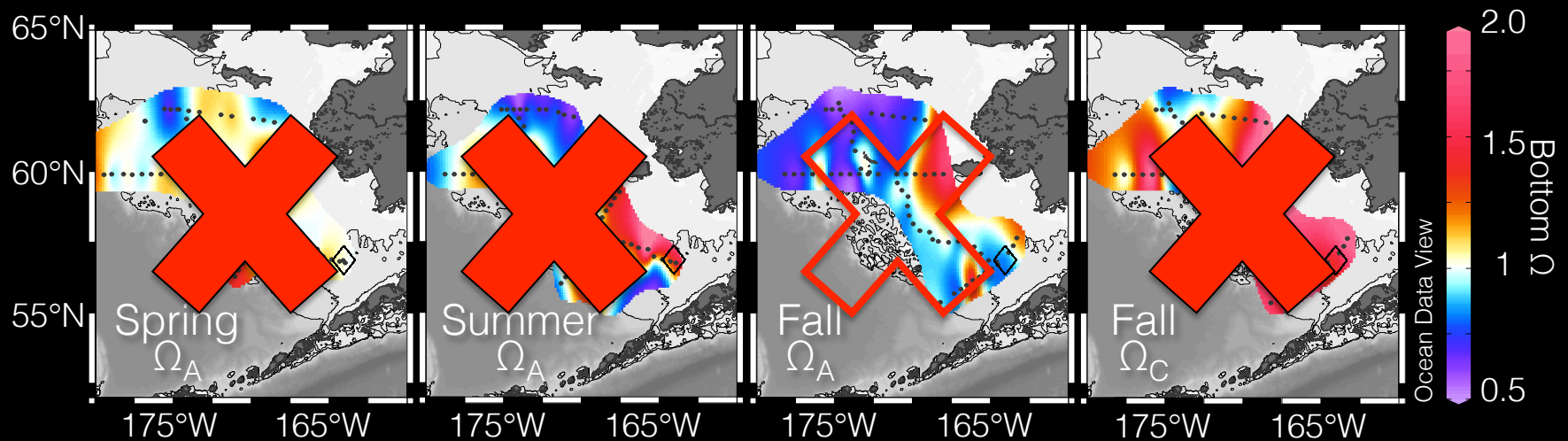
- Biological pump
- Natural volcanic laboratories
- Upwelling systems
- Reduction of calcification
- Biodegradation
- Mechanical breakdown

Dissolution of Carbonate Sediments Under Rising $p\text{CO}_2$ and Ocean Acidification: Observations from Devil's Hole, Bermuda

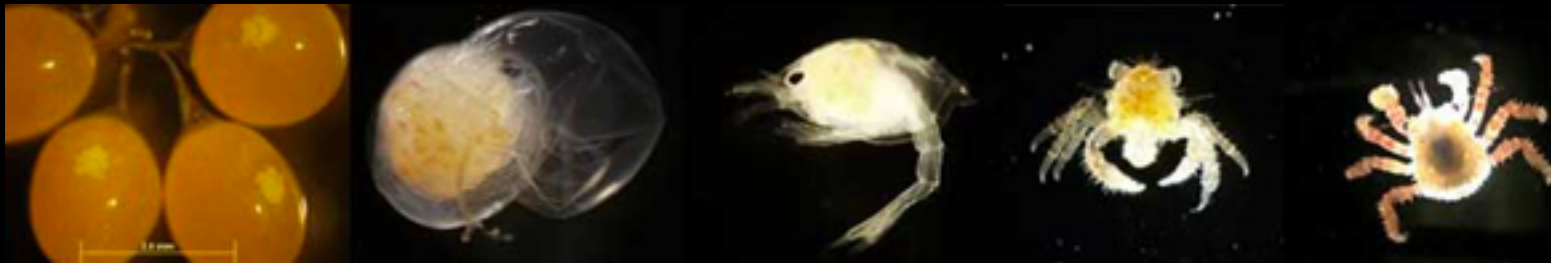
Andreas J. Andersson · Nicholas R. Bates · Fred T. Mackenzie

The Anthropogenic Contribution

We estimate approximately $66.5 \mu\text{mol kg}^{-1}$ of anthropogenic CO_2 is dissolved in the Pacific Arctic.

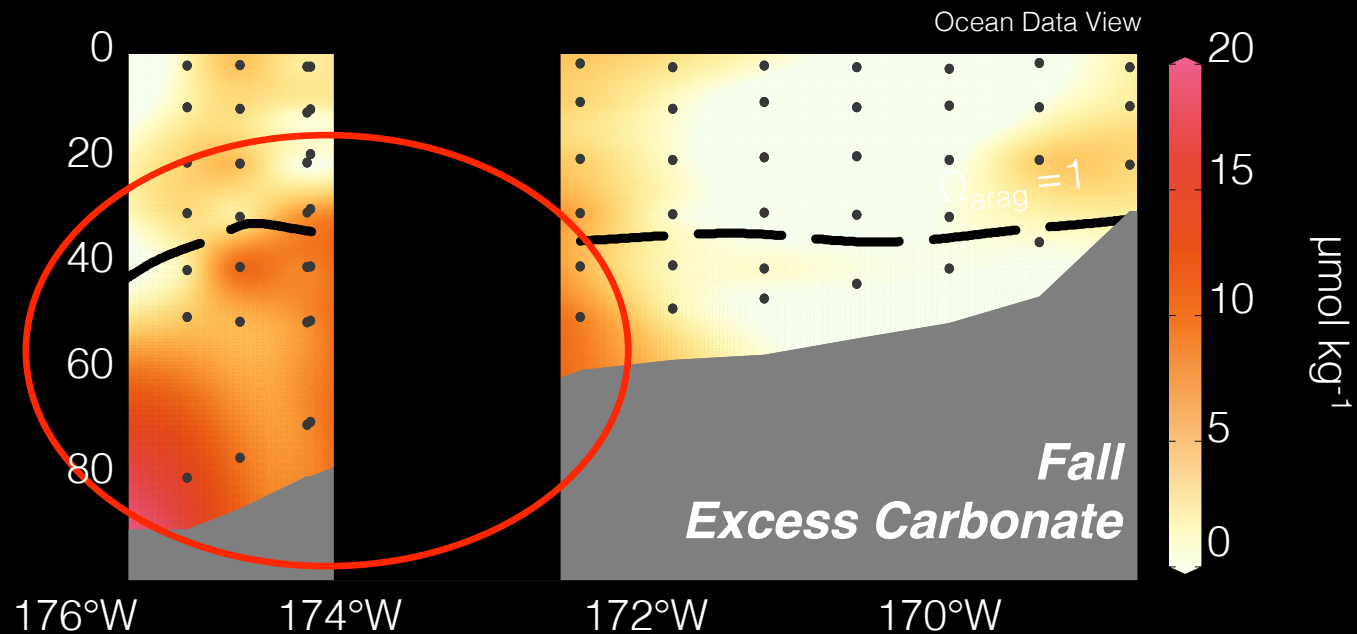


The Anthropogenic Contribution



THESE PERSISTENT UNDERSATURATIONS RESULT IN CARBONATE MINERAL DISSOLUTION.

Without anthropogenic CO₂, these undersaturations are too weak and too short to cause dissolution.



Charting the Way Forward



In-situ observations of geochemical dissolution

Volcanic carbon dioxide vents show ecosystem effects of ocean acidification

Jason M. Hall-Spencer¹, Riccardo Rodolfo-Metalpa¹, Sophie Martin², Emma Ransome¹, Maoz Fine^{3,4}, Suzanne M. Turner⁵, Sonia J. Rowley¹, Dario Tedesco^{6,7} & Maria-Cristina Buia⁸

Changes in pteropod distributions and shell dissolution across a frontal system in the California Current System

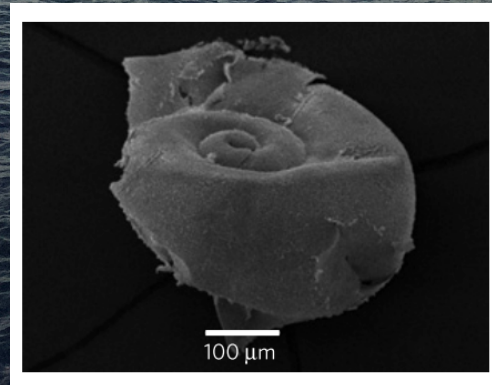
N. Bednaršek^{1,3,*}, M. D. Ohman²

Extensive dissolution of live pteropods in the Southern Ocean

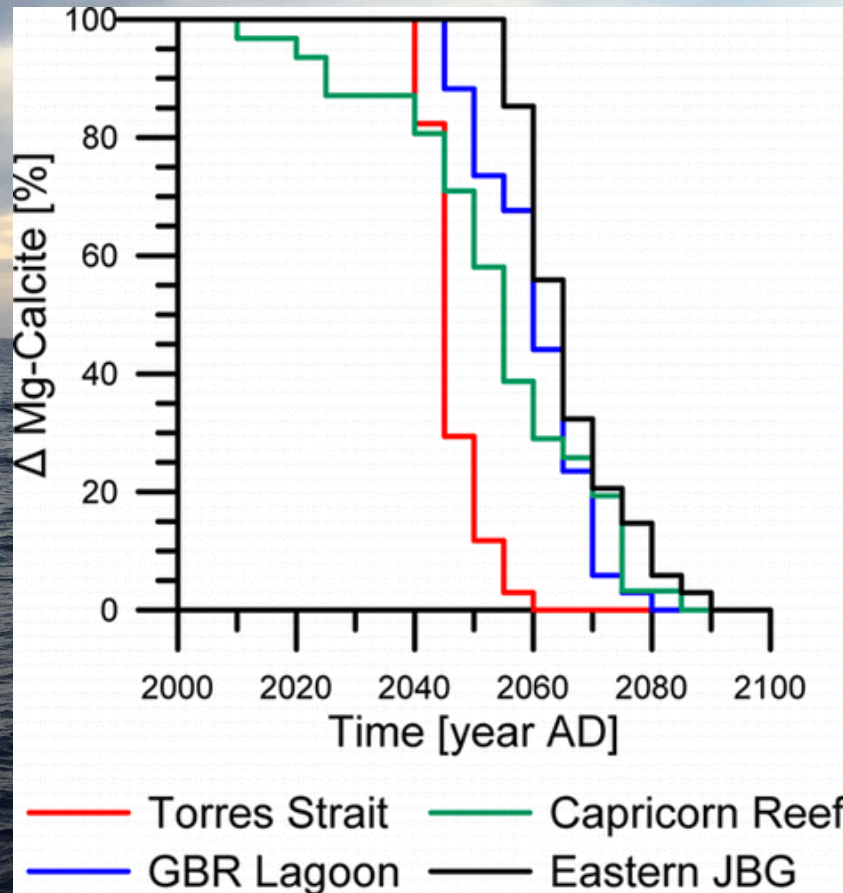
N. Bednaršek^{1,2,3}, G. A. Tarling^{1*}, D. C. E. Bakker², S. Fielding¹, E. M. Jones⁴, H. J. Venables¹, P. Ward¹, A. Kuzirian⁵, B. Lézé², R. A. Feely⁶ and E. J. Murphy¹

Limacina helicina shell dissolution as an indicator of declining habitat suitability owing to ocean acidification in the California Current Ecosystem

N. Bednaršek¹, R. A. Feely¹, J. C. P. Reum², B. Peterson³, J. Menkel⁴, S. R. Alin¹ and B. Hales⁵



Broad scale sedimentary response over continental shelves



High-Magnesium Calcite Dissolution in Tropical Continental Shelf Sediments Controlled by Ocean Acidification

R. R. Haese,^{*†} J. Smith,[‡] R. Weber,[‡] and J. Trafford[‡]

‘A geological marker for the Anthropocene Epoch’

Summary

- **Ecosystem level concerns are driving observations of acidification-driven dissolution.**
- **Geochemical and SEM evidence shows shallow water dissolution**
- **Broad sedimentary response of high-Mg calcites expected by 2100**

A photograph of a large, jagged ice floe floating in dark water. The ice is white and translucent, with sharp edges and a rough, crystalline texture. The water is a deep, dark blue-black color, providing a stark contrast to the bright ice. The lighting is dramatic, highlighting the facets of the ice. Overlaid on the right side of the image is the word "Questions?" in a clean, white, sans-serif font.

Questions?