

```
#Seacarb training
```

```
#-----  
# Simple calculations  
  
#-----  
# Using up-arrow to repeat or edit previous commands (try)  
  
#-----  
# Create vectors of data  
c(1,2,3,4,5)  
1:5  
seq(1,5,by=1)  
  
#-----  
# Variable assignment  
test1 <- 1:5  
test1  
  
#-----  
# computation with vectors  
test1*10  
test2 <- 1:5  
test1-test2  
  
#-----  
# How to get help?  
help(c)  
help(log)  
?log  
  
#-----  
# Other functions useful for beginners  
example(log)  
demo()  
demo(graphics)  
  
#-----  
# Additional help in the help menu of R  
  
#-----  
# Go to CRAN to show packages  
# get seacarb.pdf  
  
# CRITICAL step to do: load seacarb!  
library(seacarb)  
  
# List of functions  
help(package="seacarb")  
  
# example of a function  
?buffer  
  
# look through the functions:  
example(Kspc)  
  
# look through the functions  
example(bjerrum)  
  
# look through the functions  
example(rho)  
  
# explore carb  
?carb
```

```

# note syntax at the bottom of the R Console
# note units

#-----
# AT and DIC are known:
carb(flag=15, var1=2400e-6, var2=2000e-6, S=35, T=25, P=0, Pt=0, Sit=0, k1k2="l", kf="pf",
pHscale="T")

# AT and DIC are known but one uses the Roy et al. constants and the free scale:
carb(flag=15, var1=2400e-6, var2=2000e-6, S=35, T=25, P=0, Pt=0, Sit=0, k1k2="r", kf="dg",
pHscale="F")

# pH and AT are known:
carb(flag=8, var1=8.2, var2=0.00234, S=35, T=25, P=0, Pt=0, Sit=0,
      k1k2="l", kf="pf", pHscale="T")

# pCO2 and AT are known:
carb(flag=24, var1=370, var2=2400e-6, S=35, T=25, P=0, Pt=0, Sit=0,
      k1k2="l", kf="pf", pHscale="T")

# AT is known and one wants to know pCO2 at various pHs:
seq(7.9, 8.2, 0.05)
pH <- seq(7.9, 8.2, 0.05)
carb(flag=8, var1=pH, var2=2400e-6, S=35, T=25, P=0, Pt=0, Sit=0,
      k1k2="l", kf="pf", pHscale="T")

#-----
# Other examples using multiple input lines
data(seacarb_test_P0)
data <- seacarb_test_P0
data
carb(flag=data$flag, var1=data$var1, var2=data$var2, S=data$S, T=data$T, P=data$P, Sit=data$Sit,
Pt=data$Pt)

#-----
# Store, extract and re-use data (pH and at known)
carb <- carb(flag=8, var1=pH, var2=2400e-6, S=35, T=25, P=0, Pt=0, Sit=0, k1k2="l", kf="pf",
pHscale="T")
carb$pCO2
carb$OmegaCalcite

#-----
# Simple xy plot
plot(carb$pH,carb$pCO2)

#-----
# Customize simple xy plot
plot(carb$pH,carb$pCO2,col="red")
plot(carb$pH,carb$pCO2,col="red", xlab="pH (total scale)",
ylab="pCO2 (uatm)")

#-----
# One wants to know pCO2 at various pHs and ATs:
pH <- seq(7.9, 8.2, length.out=10)
AT <- seq(2200e-6, 2600e-6, length.out=10)
dat <- expand.grid(pH, AT)
dat
carb <- carb(flag=8, var1=dat$Var1, var2=dat$Var2, S=35, T=25, P=0, Pt=0, Sit=0, k1k2="l", kf="pf",
pHscale="T")
carb

# Do a simple contour plot
pCO2 <- carb$pCO2
dim(pCO2) <- c(length(pH), length(AT)) #

```

```
contour(pH, AT, pCO2)

# Do a more elaborated contour plot
contour(pH, AT*1e6, pCO2,
        xlab="pH (total scale)",
        ylab="Total alkalinity (umol/kg)",
        levels=seq(200, 700, by=100),
        labcex=1.5,
        method="edge",
        col="red",
        lwd=2,
        lty="solid",
        )

#-----
# Convert pH to a different scale
# SWS to total scale
pHconv(flag=1, pH=8.10, S=35, T=25, P=0)

# One can convert many values in one go
pHsws <- seq(7.7, 8.3, by=0.01)
pHsws
pHtotal <- pHconv(flag=1, pH=pHsws, S=35, T=25, P=0)
pHtotal

#-----
# Read data from a file
# IMPORTANT: path is needed. In R: menu "Misc:Change directory"
# Or one can use the "setwd" function: setwd("/Users/gattuso/Documents/...")

# look at the file
cc <- c(rep("numeric", 8), rep("character",3))
inp <- read.table("comparison_of_software_inp.csv", header=T, sep=",", colClasses=cc)
inp
out <- carb(flag=inp$flag, var1=inp$pCO2, var2=inp$AT, S=inp$S, T=inp$T, P=inp$Pressure, Sit=inp$Sil,
Pt=inp$PO4, k1k2=inp$k1k2, kf=inp$kf, pHscale=inp$scale)
out

#-----
# Save data to a file
write.table(out, file="comparison_of_software_out.csv", sep=",")
```